

HORIZONTAL PROJECTILES · NOTES!!!!

$$a = \frac{V_f - V_i}{t}$$

$$v=d/t$$

1) A ball is thrown from a 22 m high cliff horizontally at 16 m/s.

a. How much time will it take for the ball to reach the ground?

$$t = \int_{0}^{2d} \frac{2d}{\sqrt{3.8}}$$

$$t = 2.11s$$

b. How far from the base of the cliff will it land?

$$d_x = (16^m/s)(2.11s)$$

= 33.9 m

2) The same ball in problem #1 is thrown on the moon, where $g = 1.67 \text{ m/s}^2$.

a. How much time will it take to hit the ground now?

$$22 = \frac{1}{2} (1.67) + 2$$

$$\sqrt{26.35} = t$$

$$(5.13s = t)$$

b. How far away will it land?

$$d_{x}=V_{x}t$$
=(16)(5.13) $+82$, Im)

3) A cannon is fired horizontally at 150 m/s from a castle wall that is 7.2 m high. How far away will the cannonball land?

$$t = \int \frac{2d}{a} = \int \frac{2(7.2)}{9.8} = 1.215$$

4) A rock is thrown horizontally at 24 m/s from a cliff. It lands 56 m from the base. How high is the cliff?

$$dy = \frac{1}{2}(9.8)(2.33)^2$$
 $dy = 26.60m$

Honors Physical Science - Projectile Motion - Practice Problems

Period:

Equations

$$d = \frac{1}{2} at^2$$

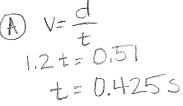
$$d = [(v_i + v_f)/2] t d = v_i t + \frac{1}{2} at^2$$

$$2ad = v_f^2 - v_i^2$$

$$v_f = v_i + at$$

$$d = vt$$

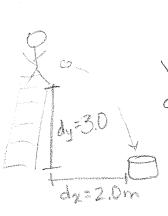
- 1. In her physics lab, Melanie rolls a 10g marble down a ramp and off the table with a horizontal velocity $\sqrt{\chi}$ of 1.2 m/s. The marble falls in a cup placed 0.51 m/from the table's edge.
 - A) How high is the table?
 - B) What is the vertical velocity (v_y) of the marble?



B)
$$V_f = V_i + at$$

= $0 + (9.8)(0.425)$

- 2. Bert is standing on a ladder picking apples in his grandfather's orchard. As he pulls each apple off the tree, he tosses it into a basket that sits on the ground 3.0 m below at a horizontal distance of 2.0 m from Bert.
 - A) How fast must Bert throw the apples horizontally (v_x) in order for them to land in the basket?
 - B) What is the vertical velocity (v_v) of the apples?



$$\frac{\chi}{\sqrt{x^2}}$$
 $dx = 2.0m$

$$3 = \frac{1}{2}(9.8)t^{2}$$

$$0.782s = t$$

$$A = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$2 = \frac{1}{2}$$

- 3. Billy-Joe stands on the Talahatchee Bridge kicking stones in the water below. If Billy-Joe kicks a stone with horizontal velocity of 3.50 m/s and it lands in the water a horizontal distance of 5.40 m from where Billy-Joe is standing.
 - A) What is the height of the bridge?
 - B) If the stone had been kicked harder, how would this affect the time it would take to fall?
 - C) Assuming that the stone accelerates vertically at 9.8 m/s², what is the velocity of the stone in the

vertical direction?

 $\frac{H}{V_{x}=3.50}$ $\frac{V}{dx=5.40}$

 $t = \frac{dx}{v_x}$ t = 5.4 t = 1.543s

A $d = \frac{1}{2}(9.8)(1.543)^{2}$ [dy=11.67m]

(B) It wouldn't

 $V_f = (0) + (9.8)(1.543)$ $V_0 = 115.1 \text{m/s}$

- 4. Tad drops a cherry pit out the car window 1.0 m above the ground while traveling down the road at 18 m/s.
 - A) How far, horizontally, from the initial dropping point will the pit hit the ground?
 - B) What is the vertical velocity of the cherry pit?

$$1.0 = \frac{1}{2}(9.8)t^{2}$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{2}{9.8}} = t$$

$$0.4525 = t$$

A
$$d_x = V_x t$$

= (18)(0,452)
= 8.13 m

$$\begin{array}{l}
\text{B} V_f = V_1 + \alpha t \\
= 0 + (9.8)(0.452) \\
= 4.43 \text{ m/s}
\end{array}$$